



Exercise sheet 9

Submission: 11.06.2019

Problem 1 - Itô formula

(4 Points)

Let $(B_s)_{s \geq 0}$ be a Brownian motion. Use Itô's formula to rewrite the following processes without using stochastic integrals:

(a) $\int_0^t B_s^2 dB_s$

(b) $\int_0^t s dB_s$

(c) $\int_0^t (B_s + 2s)^2 dB_s$

Problem 2

(4 Points)

(a) Let $(B_t)_{t \geq 0}$ be a Brownian motion. Use Itô's formula to show that

(i) $X_t = \frac{B_t}{1+t}$ satisfies for $t \geq 0$

$$X_t = \int_0^t \frac{1}{1+s} dB_s - \int_0^t \frac{1}{1+s} X_s ds.$$

(ii) $X_t = \sin(B_t)$ satisfies

$$X_t = \int_0^t \sqrt{1 - X_s^2} dB_s - \frac{1}{2} \int_0^t X_s ds$$

for all $t \leq \tau$, where $\tau = \inf \{s \geq 0 \mid B_s \notin [-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}]\}$.

(b) Let $(B_t)_{t \geq 0}$ be a Brownian motion. Show that the process

$$X_t = (B_t + t) \exp\left(-B_t - \frac{t}{2}\right), \quad t \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0},$$

is a martingale.

Problem 3 - Proof of Lemma 10.1**(7 Points)**

Let $(M_t)_{t \geq 0}$ be a continuous martingale with respect to $(\mathcal{F}_t)_{t \geq 0}$ and assume that M is bounded by some constant $C > 0$. Consider a fixed $t \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$.

(a) Show that for any $\Delta = (t_i)_{0 \leq i \leq n} \in \mathcal{P}[0, t]$ and any $k \in \{0, \dots, n\}$ we have

$$\mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{i=k+1}^n (M_{t_i} - M_{t_{i-1}})^2 \middle| \mathcal{F}_{t_k} \right] = \mathbb{E} [(M_t - M_{t_k})^2 \middle| \mathcal{F}_{t_k}].$$

(b) Use (a) to show that

$$\mathbb{E} \left[(Q_t^\Delta(M))^2 \right] \leq 12C^2 \mathbb{E} [(M_t - M_0)^2],$$

for all $\Delta \in \mathcal{P}[0, t]$.

(c) Using (b) show that

$$\lim_{\substack{(t_i)_{0 \leq i \leq n} = \Delta \in \mathcal{P}[0, t] \\ |\Delta| \rightarrow 0}} \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{i=1}^n (M_{t_i} - M_{t_{i-1}})^4 \right] = 0.$$

Total: 15 Points**Terms of submission:**

- Solutions can be submitted in groups of at most 2 students.
- Please submit at the beginning of the lecture or until 9:50 a.m. in room 3523, Ernst-Abbe-Platz 2.